

Aparigraha-Dharma: Bridging Spirituality and Sustainability

Puneet K. Bindlish
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CENTRAL PROPOSITION

Non-attachment.
Responsible sufficiency.

An indigenous ethical perspective on possessions, purpose and ecological life.



Read the research

01 Background and question

Sustainability debates often concentrate on economic growth and technological fixes. This chapter examines the deeper assumptions behind accumulation and consumption, asking how Aparigraha-Dharma can connect inner transformation with social and ecological responsibility [1,2].

RESEARCH QUESTION

How can aparigraha be understood within its indigenous philosophical context and contribute to sustainability?

02 Conceptual framework

Aparigraha

Non-attachment and freedom from accumulation

Dharma

Responsible action within a relational order

The chapter treats possessions, motives, context and practices as interconnected. Aparigraha is interpreted through dharma, rather than reduced to a simple count of material belongings [1].

03 Evidence and method

An integrative philosophical interpretation draws on Nyāya, yogic texts and sustainability literature. Attention to śabda śakti, or the capacity of words to convey meaning, supports analysis beyond narrow translations such as minimalism [1,3,4].

CONCLUSION

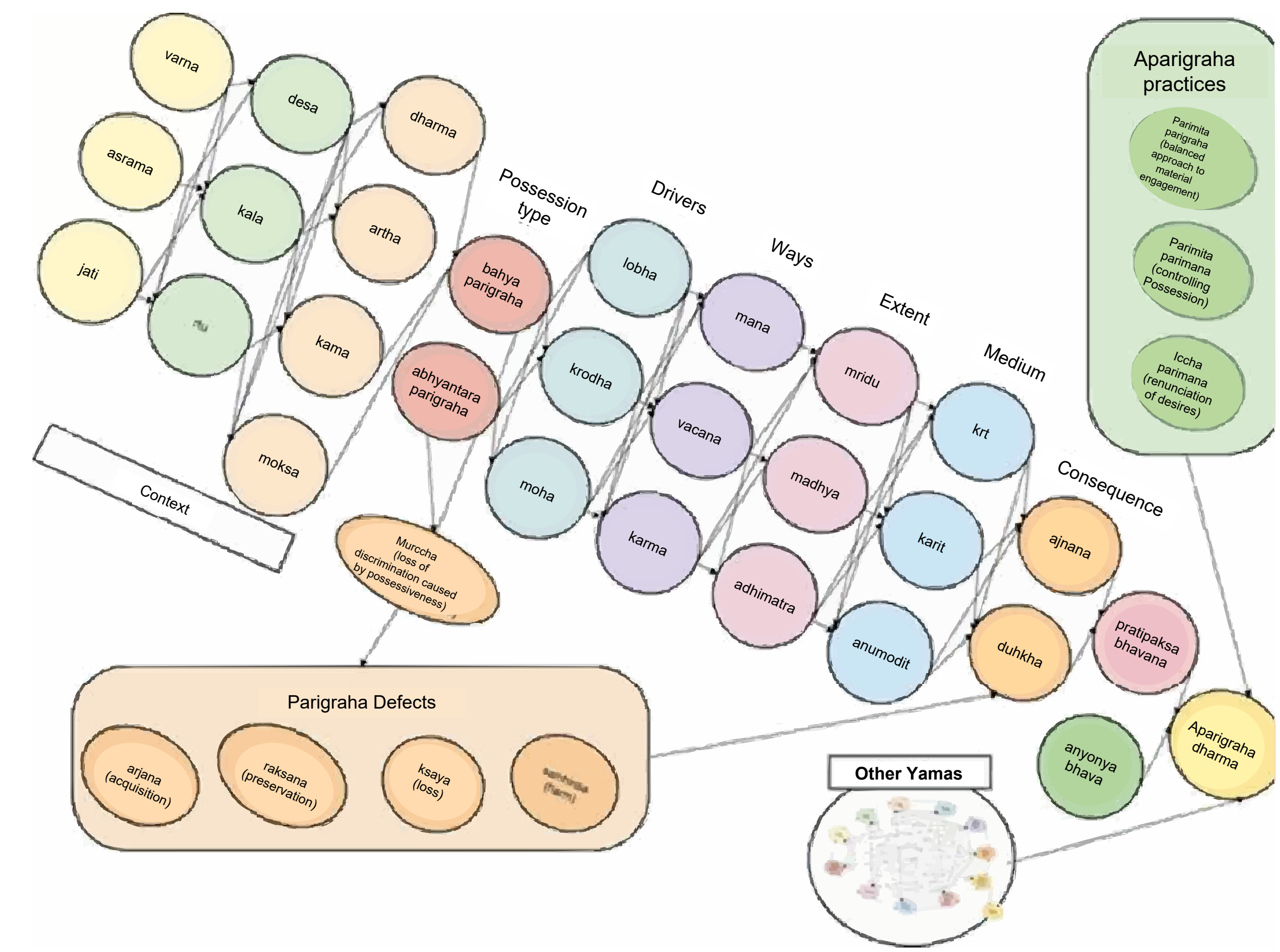
Aparigraha-Dharma places possessions and consumption within an ethic of non-attachment, responsibility and interconnected life [1].

SELECTED REFERENCES

[1] Bindlish, P. K. (2026). Aparigraha-Dharma: Bridging Spirituality and Sustainability. In P. K. Penumala & A. Sharma (Eds.), The Bloomsbury Handbook of Hindu Ethics (pp. 281-298). Bloomsbury.

04 Original integrative conceptualisation

The original diagram relates context, forms of possession, other yamas and aparigraha practices within one framework [1].



Original Figure 20.2, “Integrative conceptualization of Aparigraha-Dharma”, reproduced from the supplied chapter [1].

Meaning	Context	Practice
Interpret the concept within its philosophical tradition.	Consider place, time, circumstances and responsibilities.	Relate non-attachment to everyday choices and shared life.

05 Findings and contributions

- A Preserve conceptual depth**
Translations centred only on non-possession or non-greed can miss spiritual, ethical and communal dimensions [1].
- B Consider attachments and context**
Place, time, circumstances and responsibilities shape the meaning and practice of aparigraha [1].
- C Link inner and systemic change**
The chapter connects changes in desires and habits with responsible consumption, sufficiency and wider social relations [1].

06 Discussion

Aparigraha-Dharma invites reflection on what is acquired, why it is retained and how it relates to duties and well-being. Its contribution is a philosophical reorientation of sustainability, including the purposes that economic activity serves [1,2].

07 Limitations and next steps

The framework is conceptual. The chapter does not measure environmental outcomes or establish a causal pathway from spiritual practice to sustainable behaviour; contextual application needs further study [1].